

Make Mr. Hughes Answer!

When Candidate Hughes speaks here tomorrow he will be confronted with a quarter page advertisement, in this newspaper, containing an open letter signed by the foremost publicists and literary men of the United States.

It asks ten questions pertaining to the vital issues of the 1916 Presidential campaign.

These questions were hurled at Mr. Hughes the day following his speech of acceptance and have been repeated in quarter page advertisements in every newspaper in every city in which he has spoken since that day, but not once has he answered them.

He tried to answer one at Chicago, but failed, and at Fargo, N. D., he confessed that though he criticized he had "no panacea."

Yet he asks your vote!

Make Him Answer Right Here in Ogden!

WOMAN UNCOVERS HUSBAND'S GRAVE

Believes Husband Was to Be Resurrected and Opens His Casket.

Provo, Aug. 22.—Mrs. Axel J. Zimmerman made an unsuccessful attempt to disinter the body of her husband last Sunday night, according to a confession and explanation made by her yesterday to Police Officer E. U. Schofield. Mr. Zimmerman died last spring and was buried in the Provo cemetery.

When Sexton Niels Johnson and his assistant arrived at the cemetery yesterday morning they found that Mr. Zimmerman's grave had been disturbed and was only partly filled. An investigation was begun, and Officer Schofield was detailed on the case. His suspicions were directed to Mrs. Zimmerman, who lives near the cemetery.

At first she denied any knowledge of the matter, but finally she admitted having opened the grave by digging out the earth, and said that

she had opened the casket. When she was asked if she did not know she was doing an unlawful act, she said "no," and explained that she supposed she had a right to dig or do anything she wanted to on the lot, as she owned it.

Mrs. Zimmerman told Mr. Schofield that she expected her husband to be resurrected on the third day after his burial. As he disappointed her, she prayed for his resurrection and, again failing to obtain results, she decided to open the grave.

When she had done this she prayed for her husband to arise, and while praying she heard a voice saying it was too late. Then she replaced the cover and partly refilled the grave.

Mrs. Zimmerman's health has not been good since and before Mr. Zimmerman's death, but she seems to have no delusion other than the one relating to her husband's resurrection, and it is believed that her failure has disillusioned her.

It has not been decided whether any official action will be taken to determine her mental condition.

BOY ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Eureka, Aug. 22.—Robert Rosaland, 11-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Rosaland, was accidentally shot in the left shoulder with a 22-caliber rifle in the hands of a playmate, Max Northrup, while playing at the Rosaland home this afternoon. Three surgeons were summoned immediately, but were unable to locate the bullet, but were unable to locate the bullet.

Announcement

Something new for you from the

OGDEN STANDARD

Your Photograph

taken by E. Grey Freemonde, a large and beautiful

Colonial Sepia Photograph

Absolutely Free

with each new subscription to The Standard for one

month or more you will receive from us an order on

E. Grey Freemonde Studio, for one of these new

Colonial Sepia Photos, size 7x11, a photo of yourself

or any member of your family, a most

Dainty and Exquisite Piece of Work

Don't miss getting one of these while the offer lasts.

Order the Standard NOW

Receive Your Photo Order Immediately.

let and the boy was taken to the Provo hospital, where an X-ray will be used to locate the ball. The injury is believed to be not serious.

NEW MEMBERS OF COMMISSION

Named by President Wilson to Undertake Settlement of Mexican Question.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Secretary Lansing announced tonight that the American members of the joint commission to undertake settlement of differences between the United States and Mexico would be Franklin K. Lane, secretary of the interior; Judge George W. Gray, of Wilmington, Del.; and Dr. John R. Mott of New York City.

All of the commissioners have accepted their appointments, the Mexican members were named some time ago and arrangements for their meeting will be made immediately by Secretary Lansing and Eliseo Arredondo, General Carranza's ambassador-designate. Virtually the only question to be decided is where the sessions shall be held. The Mexicans are understood to prefer some resort on the New Jersey coast.

Secretary Lane, who will head the American group, was the first member selected. Associate Justice Brandeis was President Wilson's second choice, but after a conference with Chief Justice White he decided his duties would not permit him to serve. Judge Gray, who is a retired federal circuit judge and a former United States senator, has had much experience on international bodies and since 1900 has been a member of the International Permanent Court of Arbitration under The Hague convention.

Dr. Mott is general secretary of the international committee of the Young Men's Christian association and author of numerous religious works. He was offered the post of minister to China by President Wilson but declined it.

The Mexican commissioners are Luis Cabrera, minister of finance; Ygnacio Bonillas and Alberto Pani. Both of the latter are engineers, and Bonillas is a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Probably the first problems taken up by the joint commission will be the proposed withdrawal of American troops from Mexico, as suggested by General Carranza in his original note proposing the commission. As General Funston has recommended the recall of General Pershing's expedition, this is expected to be agreed to by the American members. General Carranza appointed his commissioners, preferably "to discuss this question, the negotiations of a protocol covering the crossing of the international border in pursuit of bandits and investigation of the interests which might have been behind the raids into American territory."

The United States refused to limit the discussion to these subjects and others undoubtedly will be gone into.

It is regarded as probably here that withdrawal of the Pershing expedition would be followed by the recall shortly of the national guard from the border. Some high officials of the army believe that with Pershing's men added to the order patrol, and the additional men provided under the new army bill, General Funston would have a sufficient force of regulars to adequately protect the border.

THIRTY WOMEN ARRESTED.
Salt Lake, Aug. 22.—Thirty women, giving their addresses as Commercial street, were arrested yesterday morning and tried in the city court yesterday afternoon. All thirty were found guilty of vagrancy and ordered to pay a fine of \$10 each. In addition to this they were ordered to pose for the camera man while their pictures were taken. These will be placed in the catalogue of Chief J. Parley White for future reference. The pictures will also carry such details as the addresses of the women, their length of residence in this city and miscellaneous information.

THE REAL ANSWER.

"Whom does the baby resemble?" "Every other baby that I ever saw." —Detroit Free Press.

MARTIN H. GLYNN

TO SPEAK IN WEST
Democratic leaders were advised yesterday that the first big spell-binder to be sent to Utah by the Democratic national committee will probably be former Governor Martin H. Glynn of New York, whose speech at the St. Louis convention was one of the ringing hits of that gathering.

Governor Glynn is booked to begin a campaign trip that will take him to the Pacific coast, and will start the second week in September. The local Democrats are anxious to get him here and have asked the national committee to include Utah in his itinerary.

ARCHIE BIGELOW HAS GREAT RECORD AS TRAPSHOOTER

St. Louis, Aug. 22.—A. P. Bigelow of Ogden, the trap-shooting champion of Utah, could have won the national title if he could have inserted his 100 straight in the national amateur championship event, the feature shoot on the grand American trapshooting program this afternoon. Troeh was won by Frank M. Troeh of Vancouver, Wash., with 99 breaks. Bigelow broke 95, Sweeley of Idaho 88 and Welck of Wyoming 90. Montana was not represented.

Troeh was shooting in exceptional form all day, breaking 391 out of 400 targets, and dividing first money with three others in the St. Louis tournament, and dividing third money in the St. Louis introductory



We Pay \$40,000 to Safeguard Your Home

Besides the extra expense of procuring the best cream possible for our butters, it costs us \$40,000 every year to insure the purity of our butters through pasteurization.

BLANCHARD BUTTER

Is pasteurized, but it costs you no more than unsafe brands. Our butters go onto the tables of rich and poor—each have an equal right to health. Blanchard is YOUR butter if you order it by name.

You may prefer the special cut of our Maid or Clover or Four-In-One. They are also "pure because pasteurized."

Pure Because

Pasteurized.

MUTUAL CREAMERY COMPANY

23rd Street and Wall Ave.



with four others with 193 down. It would have taken rare shooting indeed to have beaten him. C. B. Eaton of Missouri was second with 98, and Forsgard of Texas, Platt of New Jersey and Hell of Pennsylvania tied for third with 97.

In the introductory Bigelow broke 186, Cowan of Salt Lake 155, Reilly of Salt Lake 193 (this was worth \$177), Sweeley of Twin Falls, Idaho, 181; Parsons of Straw, Mont., 178; Renfro of Warren Springs, Mont., 186; Shrack Forsyth of Montana, 174; Welck of Laramie, Wyo., 170; and Warren of Woburn, Nev., 188. In the overtime Bigelow broke 92, Reilly 90, Sweeley 89, Parsons 93, Renfro 96, Shrack 87, Welck 89 and Warren 95. So many past entries have been made in the tournament that it will not be possible to finish it before Saturday night. Mrs. L. C. Vogel of Detroit won the women's event with 47 out of 50, and broke 233 out of 350 targets thrown for her.

AUTO BANDITS KILL COLUMBUS OFFICER

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 22.—Four automobile bandits shot and killed Patrolman John Laufthutte here tonight, deserted a stolen automobile, which contained a small arsenal, and escaped under a fusillade of shots from the revolver of the dying policeman. At a late hour tonight the entire police system of central Ohio was engaged in efforts to apprehend the gunmen, under the belief that they may compose the gang which recently perpetrated the Burroughs Adding Machine company holdup in Detroit.

The tragedy occurred when Patrolman Laufthutte found the men plying a purchase in the tire of the automobile. The machine bore no lights and the patrolman called the attention of the driver to the fact. He received no answer and threw his searchlight into the body of the car. The man stooping over the tire immediately opened fire. His second shot struck the officer near the heart. Laufthutte staggered back and opened fire as the men took flight. The bandits separated and disappeared, although a crowd which quickly gathered took up the chase.

In the car were found a high-power rifle with a large supply of cartridges, four revolvers, with ammunition.

HUGHES COVERING WEST RAPIDLY

Judge Hughes is utilizing every moment at his disposal and speaks not only from car platforms but from every possible vantage point, such as automobile bodies and auditoriums in the larger cities. Hughes is a whirlwind campaigner and is adapting himself very quickly to the western way of doing things.



Hughes speaking from car platform.

tion, and a quantity of ammunition for weapons of a different caliber from those found. The police are working on the theory that the gunmen were preparing to commit a crime in this city similar to the Detroit holdup.

MOLFETTA, SEAPORT MENTIONED IN WAR

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—Molfetta, the seaport of Italy which was shelled by Austrian torpedo boats recently, is the subject of the following war geography bulletin issued by the National Geographic society from its Washington headquarters:

"The shipbuilding yards of Molfetta were probably the chief targets of the Austrian navy during the recent bombardment. While the town presents a striking appearance from the sea, its walls, studded with towers, are of a former age when such defenses were effective against pillaging expeditions of freebooters and adventurers.

"With a population of more than 40,000, Molfetta is one of the thriving commercial centers of the southern coast of Italy. In addition to its trade as a seaport the city has numerous manufacturing establishments, producing flour, soaps, wines, bricks and vermicelli. Sixteen miles by rail to the southeast is the important town of Bari (the Barium of the ancients).

"Evidence of a neolithic settlement have been found in the vicinity of Molfetta, but the origin of the present town is uncertain. It began to figure in European history during the sixteenth century when Charles V bestowed it upon the Duke of Termini. No sooner had it passed into the possession of its new master than the ill-starred Marshal of France, Odet de Foix, descended upon and sacked it in the prosecution of his campaign against the kingdom of Naples. Lautrec, though a gallant soldier, owed his advancement in the service of the French king, Francis I, not to his prowess in arms but to the fact that the charms of his sister, Françoise de Chateaubriant, had fascinated his sovereign. He died in Italy a victim of the plague which decimated his army shortly after the sacking of Molfetta.

"Molfetta was one of the cities of southern Italy in which serious disturbances occurred in May 1898, when there was a sudden increase in the price of bread.

"The most picturesque building in the medieval section of Molfetta is the cathedral, which like the cathedral in its neighboring Bari has the unusual feature of two towers, both attached to the east end. These campaniles are of plain masonry, the stories being suggested by blind arches and windows.

"The Austrian province of Herzegovina is directly across the Adriatic from Molfetta, a distance of 125 miles."

ATTENTION, EAGLES

A special meeting will be held Wednesday evening August 23, for the purpose of election to fill vacancy in office of secretary. Australian ballot will be used and polls will be open from 6 p. m. to 9 p. m. Your presence is requested.

T. S. SHAUGHNESSY, W. P. Attest, G. F. Roach, Sec'y.

—Advertisement.

AKABA, FAMOUS GULF IN ARABIA

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—"When the British endeavored to effect a landing in Arabia at Akaba, on the gulf of the same name, as reported in a recent Turkish dispatch, they were trying to secure possession of a port which figured prominently in biblical history," according to today's war geography bulletin, issued by the National Geographic society from its Washington headquarters.

"Akaba, none other than Eloth of the old testament, and Ezion-Geber, only a few miles away, is the point from which King Solomon sent his navy, manned with sailors loaned by King Hiram (for the Jews were never a skilled maritime people). The expedition was bound for Ophir, from which land 420 talents of gold were brought to the builder of the great temple in Jerusalem.

"The Gulf of Akaba, near the head of which the fortified Turkish town is situated, is the long eastern horn of the Red Sea, having a width of from 12 to 17 miles, and jutting up into Arabia for a distance of 100 miles, with the Sinai peninsula to the west. In ancient times the gulf was known as Sinus Aelaiticus and was much dreaded by sailors on account of the coral reefs and the sudden squalls sweeping down from the mountains that rise almost perpendicularly from the shore to a height of 2000 feet at some points. The only good harbor on the gulf is that of Dahab, 'The Golden Port,' situated on the western shore 33 miles from the entrance.

"A few miles south of the town of Akaba is the island of Jeziret Firraun, on which are to be seen the ruins of a castle built in the 12th century by Baldwin I, a member of the house of Flanders and the first king of Jerusalem who assumed the title after the first crusade. His reign was short and he died in Egypt three years after he built the island stronghold.

"Akaba itself has a medieval castle which was built to protect pilgrims coming from Egypt and bound for Mecca. Ten years ago a branch railway line was constructed joining Akaba and Mecca, and affording through communication with Beirut.

"The Romans held Akaba, then known as Aelana, as a military post for many years and it was garrisoned by the famous Tenth Legion. Following the Romans came the Moslems under whom the port flourished, its commercial activity being enhanced to such an extent that in the tenth century it was described by a chronicler as 'the great port of Palestine and the emporium of Hejaz.' In the latter half of the 12th century it was captured from the crusading Franks by the great Saladin. During this period it is said that the Jews and Christians who inhabited the town managed to protect themselves from massacre at the hands of the Saracens by pretending to possess a letter from Mohammed which promised them immunity from persecution.

"Akaba is surrounded by many fertile date palm gardens, and the city is beautifully supplied with good water. The fortifications before being strengthened during the present war consisted of a rectangular fort with each angle defended by a tower."

Vessels of War Met in the North Sea on Last Saturday.

London, Aug. 22.—A controversy similar to that which followed the great sea battle off the Jutland coast has been provoked by diverging statements issued by the British and German admiralties regarding the encounter of the two fleets in the North sea last Saturday which for time threatened to develop into a new clash but resolved itself into submarine and destroy actions. New claims and counter claims were made officially in London and Berlin today. Briefly summarized they are:

The British admiralty announces that a German battleship of the Nassau class—18,602 tons—was torpedoed Saturday morning by the British submarine F-23, whose commander believes that the battleship was sunk. The German claim is that a British destroyer and a battleship were damaged by a submarine on the same day is again denied.

The German admiralty claims a U-boat first sank a British destroyer of the Mohawk type and then damaged a British small cruiser of the Chatham class. This cruiser, as asserted, was later sunk by another German submarine. The sinking of the first submarine by a British destroyer, as claimed by London, is denied by Berlin, though it is admitted the U-boat was slightly damaged. The admiralty stands by its original claim that a British destroyer and a battleship were damaged by a U-boat. It characterizes as a "product of the imagination" the British assertion that the German high seas fleet was chased back to port.

way line was constructed joining Akaba and Mecca, and affording through communication with Beirut. "The Romans held Akaba, then known as Aelana, as a military post for many years and it was garrisoned by the famous Tenth Legion. Following the Romans came the Moslems under whom the port flourished, its commercial activity being enhanced to such an extent that in the tenth century it was described by a chronicler as 'the great port of Palestine and the emporium of Hejaz.' In the latter half of the 12th century it was captured from the crusading Franks by the great Saladin. During this period it is said that the Jews and Christians who inhabited the town managed to protect themselves from massacre at the hands of the Saracens by pretending to possess a letter from Mohammed which promised them immunity from persecution.

"Akaba is surrounded by many fertile date palm gardens, and the city is beautifully supplied with good water. The fortifications before being strengthened during the present war consisted of a rectangular fort with each angle defended by a tower."

CIRCUS MON. 28 DAY AUG. 28

RESERVED SEATS ON SALE MISCH DRUG STORE.



CHAMPION SHOWS OF THE WORLD PATRIOTIC AMERICA RHODA ROYAL'S CHAMPION EQUESTRIAN DEVLIN'S ZOUAVE REGIMENT IN PREPAREDNESS MANEUVERS ONLY ONE IN AMERICA



LITTLE MIRACLE 2 PERFORMANCES 2:15 DAILY 8:15 NIGHT COME DOWN TOWN FREE STREET PARADE! TWO MILES LONG—10:30 A. M.

—Advertisement.

UNITED STATES RENEWS PLEA

Turkey Officially Called On Not to Permit Massacre of Armenians.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The American embassy in Constantinople was instructed by the state department to make representations to the porte in behalf of Armenians who are threatened by the Turkish advance into Persia.

The representation calls on the Turkish government "in the name of humanity" not to permit any massacre of Armenians in Persia. The purpose is to forward Turkey against any such situation as prevailed in Asia Minor.

SAILORS GET \$25

FOR FALKLAND VICTORY
London, Aug. 22.—A prize court today awarded \$12,100 prize bounty to the officers and crews of the squadron of Vice Admiral Sir Frederick Sturdee, which destroyed the German Pacific squadron in the battle off the Falkland islands in December of 1914. The bounty was determined by the amount of the prize money awarded for each man.

The prize court also awarded the officers and crew of the Australian cruiser Sydney 1985 pounds in connection with the sinking of the German cruiser Emden in November, 1914.

SINKING OF A GERMAN SHIP

Vessels of War Met in the North Sea on Last Saturday.

London, Aug. 22.—A controversy similar to that which followed the great sea battle off the Jutland coast has been provoked by diverging statements issued by the British and German admiralties regarding the encounter of the two fleets in the North sea last Saturday which for time threatened to develop into a new clash but resolved itself into submarine and destroy actions. New claims and counter claims were made officially in London and Berlin today. Briefly summarized they are:

The British admiralty announces that a German battleship of the Nassau class—18,602 tons—was torpedoed Saturday morning by the British submarine F-23, whose commander believes that the battleship was sunk. The German claim is that a British destroyer and a battleship were damaged by a submarine on the same day is again denied.

The German admiralty claims a U-boat first sank a British destroyer of the Mohawk type and then damaged a British small cruiser of the Chatham class. This cruiser, as asserted, was later sunk by another German submarine. The sinking of the first submarine by a British destroyer, as claimed by London, is denied by Berlin, though it is admitted the U-boat was slightly damaged. The admiralty stands by its original claim that a British destroyer and a battleship were damaged by a U-boat. It characterizes as a "product of the imagination" the British assertion that the German high seas fleet was chased back to port.

The German admiralty claims a U-boat first sank a British destroyer of the Mohawk type and then damaged a British small cruiser of the Chatham class. This cruiser, as asserted, was later sunk by another German submarine. The sinking of the first submarine by a British destroyer, as claimed by London, is denied by Berlin, though it is admitted the U-boat was slightly damaged. The admiralty stands by its original claim that a British destroyer and a battleship were damaged by a U-boat. It characterizes as a "product of the imagination" the British assertion that the German high seas fleet was chased back to port.

The German admiralty claims a U-boat first sank a British destroyer of the Mohawk type and then damaged a British small cruiser of the Chatham class. This cruiser, as asserted, was later sunk by another German submarine. The sinking of the first submarine by a British destroyer, as claimed by London, is denied by Berlin, though it is admitted the U-boat was slightly damaged. The admiralty stands by its original claim that a British destroyer and a battleship were damaged by a U-boat. It characterizes as a "product of the imagination" the British assertion that the German high seas fleet was chased back to port.

The German admiralty claims a U-boat first sank a British destroyer of the Mohawk type and then damaged a British small cruiser of the Chatham class. This cruiser, as asserted, was later sunk by another German submarine. The sinking of the first submarine by a British destroyer, as claimed by London, is denied by Berlin, though it is admitted the U-boat was slightly damaged. The admiralty stands by its original claim that a British destroyer and a battleship were damaged by a U-boat. It characterizes as a "product of the imagination" the British assertion that the German high seas fleet was chased back to port.

The German admiralty claims a U-boat first sank a British destroyer of the Mohawk type and then damaged a British small cruiser of the Chatham class. This cruiser, as asserted, was later sunk by another German submarine. The sinking of the first submarine by a British destroyer, as claimed by London, is denied by Berlin, though it is admitted the U-boat was slightly damaged. The admiralty stands by its original claim that a British destroyer and a battleship were damaged by a U-boat. It characterizes as a "product of the imagination" the British assertion that the German high seas fleet was chased back to port.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES

United Spanish War Veterans, Harry A. Young, Camp No. 2, meets every first and third Thursday each month at the U. S. Navy Recruiting Office, 2408 Washington Ave. R. A. Norris, commander. R. H. Weatherly, adjutant.

Ogden Lodge No. 1314 Loyal Order of Moose meets every Friday night, 8 o'clock, Knights of Pythias hall, 2351 Grant avenue. A. T. Hestmark, Dictator; J. H. Knauss, secretary, 201 Colonel Hudson Bldg.

Knights of Macabees, Silver Tent No. 1, meets every second and fourth Friday in W. O. W. hall, Fraternity block, 2320 Wash. Ave. Visiting Knights cordially invited to attend. Harry L. Peterson, Commander. J. D. Harris, Record Keeper, 2476 Hudson.

The Woman's Benefit Association of the Macabees, Silver Tent No. 1, meets every first and third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock, and every second and fourth Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the Woodmen Hall, Fraternity block, 2320 Washington avenue. Visiting members cordially invited to attend. Anna Holden, I. C. L. Jennie Froust, M. K., 2455 Van Buren avenue.

Brotherhood of American Yeomen, Ogden Homestead No. 1505 meets on every Tuesday evening in W. O. W. hall, Fraternity building, Washington avenue. Visiting members are cordially invited to meet with us. E. M. Reid, foreman; J. A. Junk, correspondent, 3203 Washington avenue.

Queen City Rebekah Lodge No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets second and fourth Saturday evenings at Odd Fellows hall, visiting members invited. Emma Buchholz, N. E. Lulu Cloudman, Recording Secretary, 2516 Van Buren.

American Masonic Federation (universal Scottish Rite). Meets every Monday, 8 p. m. at 2414 1/2 Washington Ave. Visiting brothers always welcome. W. H. Collier, I. W. M., 2834 Adams Ave. G. S. Muller, Secretary, 2636 Wash. Ave.

The Order of Railway Employees, Ogden Division No. 41, meets every first and third Friday of each month at the Eagles' hall, at 8:15 p. m. Visiting brothers cordially invited. Adrian Schipper, secretary.

The Royal Highlanders, Ogden Castle 525, meets in the Eagles hall on Hudson avenue, every 2nd and 4th Tuesday evenings at 8 o'clock. Visiting Highlanders cordially invited. Robert C. Williams, I. M. P. Planz, 2935 Lincoln, secretary-treasurer.

Royal Neighbors of America meets every second and fourth Monday nights of each month at 8 o'clock at the new Odd Fellows hall, Fraternity building. Visiting neighbors invited. Mary Crawford, Oracle, 2876 Lafayette. Nettie Turner, Recorder, 2433 Van Buren.

Masonic—Queen Esther Chapter No. 1, O. E. S., regular meetings held at Masonic hall, 2320 Washington Ave., between 25th and 26th Sts., the first and third Fridays of each month. Sojourning members cordially invited to attend. Iola Blackman, W. M.; Linda L. Irwin, Secretary.

Fraternal Order of Eagles, Ogden Aerie No. 118, F. O. E., meets every Wednesday evening at Eagles' hall, Hudson avenue, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brother Eagles are invited to attend the Aerie meetings. Club rooms open at 11 a. m. T. S. Shaughnessy, W. President; E. R. Geiger, Secretary. Dra. H. B. Forbes and Paul Ingelbrecht, Aerie Physicians.

Woodmen of the World, Weber Camp No. 74 meets in the W. O. W. hall, Fraternity block, 2320 Washington avenue, every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting Woodmen cordially invited to attend. LeRoy Farley, C. C. W. M. Piggott, Clerk, P. O. Box 488.

Ogden Lodge No. 6 Independent Order of Odd Fellows, meets in I. O. O. F. hall every Tuesday evening. Visiting brothers cordially invited to be present. J. W. Randall, N. G.; Henry Kissel, Secretary.

Women of Woodcraft, Ogden Circle No. 531, meets every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock, new Woodmen Hall, Fraternity block, 2320 Washington Ave. Visiting members invited. Dues will be collected on the 5th of each month at Misch Drug Store. Nina I. Watkins, G. N., 169 Poplar Ave. Marie Crites, Clerk, 2731 Monroe Ave. Phone 1913-R.

Ogden Lodge No. 2, Knights of Pythias meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Castle Hall of the Pythian building, 2351 Grant avenue, visiting Knights welcome. D. J. Thurman, Jr., C. C.; George B. Hart, M. R. S.; H. E. Palmer, 2262 Washington, M. F.

Utah Camp No. 9990 Modern Woodmen of America, meets every Wednesday night in the I. O. O. F. hall, Fraternity block. Out of town members cordially invited to meet with us. Fred E. Williams, Consul; J. R. Hinch, Clerk.

Order of Owls, Ogden Nest No. 1